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Cleveland Morning Leader

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The Richmond Correspondent of the London Times on Lee's difficulties. The Englishman who writes from Richmond to the London Times for the edification of John Bull, must occasionally tell some truths which are not very encouraging to the rebel sympathizers.

WATER CURE FOR INVALID WOMEN.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS AN ESTABLISHMENT at Columbus, Ohio for the treatment of Invalid Women. The water used on her is of a mild mineral water, with the Mineral or Metaphosphate of Soda administered by the physician in person.

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The Latest News BY TELEGRAPH.

Last Night's Report.

CABINET CHANGES

Discovery of Internal Revenue Frauds.

FROM SHERMAN'S ARMY.

He is Reported Near Macon.

From Grant's Army

FROM THE SHENANDOAH.

Early Again Falling Back.

Mosby's Guerrillas Becoming Bolder.

NEWS BY REBEL PAPERS.

Fremont to be Restored to an Active Command.

MORE PEACE RUMORS.

The Action of the Government Foreshadowed by General Butler and Gov. Pierpont.

Rebels Moving to Intercept Sherman.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 18.

The First National Bank of Crawfordville, Indiana, received authority to-day to commence business, with a capital of \$75,000.

William H. Durham is President of the bank, and Benj. Warren, Cashier.

Five thousand eight hundred and eighty-five acres of land were taken up in the month of October, at the Traverse City Land Office, Michigan, under the Homestead Law.

During the same month, and under the same law, 427 acres were taken for actual settlement at the Land Office at Ionia, Michigan, whilst the additional quantity of 2,238 acres were located during the same period with bounty land warrants, and 947 acres with Agricultural College scrip.

The cash sales for October at Ionia, Michigan, amounted to 19,247 acres.

Surgeon G. H. Sherman, of the United States Volunteers, has been assigned to duty as Medical Director at Salt Lake City, Utah.

W. B. Wynne, Chief of the Second Cavalry Division of General Sheridan's army, arrived here last evening in charge of the artillery and battle-flags captured from the rebels on the 12th inst., by Brig. Gen. General Powell's command.

The captors are, Sergeant Levi Shoemaker and private Thomas F. Adams, of the First Virginia Cavalry.

One of the flags belonging to the 16th Virginia cavalry, is by far the handsomest ever taken from the rebels, and has for a motto, "God will aid the Patriot."

The other belonged to the 22d Virginia cavalry. The flags are to be presented to the Assistant Secretary of War to-morrow.

General Powell's command also captured two hundred and eighty prisoners at the same time about six miles beyond Front Royal.

The trial of Hamilton and Ester, of Baltimore, blockade traders, was up-to-day, and will be resumed to-morrow.

It is rumored that Admiral Farragut will be appointed Secretary of the Navy.

A rebel spy escaped from old Capitol prison last night.

A crowd of rebel deserters were brought up from City Point to-day, they all took the oath and were sent North.

The January interest due on bonds is to be paid in gold at once, and the Government is said to be determined to check the reckless speculation of gold at all hazards.

There was a strong conservative pressure brought upon the President to-day, in behalf of N. P. Banks for Secretary of War.

FROM PHILADELPHIA.

(Special to the Cleveland Leader.) PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 18.

The force of rebels hovering along the upper Potomac has not yet crossed the river. It consists wholly and entirely of small gangs of guerrillas, numbering from seventy to eighty men, who scour the country for plunder.

A number of these men have been found wandering off from their main force as spies, and three have been arrested and are now in prison at Harrisburg—Others are known to be large in that town.

SECOND DISPATCH.

(Special to the Cleveland Leader.) PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 18.

The Richmond *Why* of Wednesday has received the following: The most important part of its news: Breckinridge is not only intellectually great, but he is as brave as the bravest and seems to have learned the art of war by intuition. Like Forrest he is able to accomplish what others deem impossible. In East Tennessee he has, at a single blow, swept away the prestige of what the Yankees claim as a great victory.

The following dispatch received at the War Department last night speaks for itself, and hardly needs the brief preface we give it:

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF NORTHERN VIRGINIA, November 18. To Hon. James A. Seddon, Secretary of War.

General Breckinridge reports that on the night of the 13th he turned Bull's Gap, when the enemy attempted to retreat. About 1 o'clock, on the 14th, with Vaughn's and Dukes' command, he struck their column and routed it. Several hundred prisoners, ten stands of colors, six pieces of artillery, with ordnance and horses complete, fifty loaded wagons, with teams, ambulances, with medical supplies, were captured.

General Hood is in motion, and his destination is thought to be East Tennessee. On the other hand, we have reason to believe, from the best information that has reached us, that Sherman designs to evacuate Atlanta entirely. A large portion of his force is reported as already moving towards Seals, Alabama, and if this be true, Mobile must be his destination.

We learn that a transport laden with stores has arrived at Mobile bay, which looks as if a movement was contemplated at an early day at that quarter.

We have upon that hypothesis, the most singular feature of the war, that is, of two large armies passing each other by a sort of flank movement, and moving in an opposite direction.

Sherman may be a shrewd banker, a stubborn fighter and a prospective candidate for Presidential honors, but we venture the prediction that he has been woefully out-generaled this time. We shall soon see that the situation is increasing in interest in Northern Georgia.

The Richmond *Examiner* of Tuesday, and *Whig* of Wednesday, have lengthy editorial articles on the situation of public affairs, as influenced by the election of Lincoln to the Presidency four years ago.

"Abraham Lincoln can command at a moment's warning, and in spite of remonstrance and resistance, the resources of every individual in his huge empire, and that he will command as many of them as he may think necessary for the purpose of reducing us to slavery does not admit of a moment's doubt.

The writer proceeds to consider measures appropriate to the crisis, and the best means of preparing to resist the colossal power about to dash itself against the bulwarks of the Confederacy.

We find the following in Tuesday's proceedings of the Rebel Congress: Mr. Clinton, of Alabama, from the Special Committee appointed to investigate the charge of disloyalty against William R. W. Cobb, member of Congress from Alabama, made a report accompanied by the testimony of sundry witnesses, who prove that the accused went within the Yankee lines of his own accord, when he could easily have left, had so desired. That his conduct and conversation since he had been among them, clearly shows that he is hostile to the Confederate cause, and that the committee recommend that his seat be declared vacant and the Government of the State be informed of the action of the House.

The subject was laid over to give the members an opportunity to examine the testimony.

SPECIAL REPORT.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL. NEW YORK, Nov. 18.

The stock market opened weak. At the Board stocks lost more than the partial recovery of yesterday afternoon. Sellers were predominant and a considerable amount of short sales were made. A large amount of Erie was thrown out under which the price declined. Transactions in Ohio and Mississippi certificates were unusually large, price declined 1/2.

Miscellaneous stocks weaker and lower. The excitement in the gold market has been intense and a large amount of value has been transacted.

Bear interest is strongly in the ascendant. There was a further decline of 10 per cent from the closing price of last evening. Towards the close there was a rapid rise owing to the heavy shipments for to-morrow.

To-day commenced the pre-payment of the January interest coupons. The aggregate payments due in January are \$858,821 per gold. Of this sum a considerable proportion is for registered bonds, interest on which will not be pre-paid.

The Loan market was busy but without activity.

Exchange was active.

The shipment of Exchange and Gold by to-morrow's steamer will be large. A million and a half in gold will be sent.

STOCKS.

At Gallagher's Exchange to-night Stocks dull. Gold 218; N. Y. Central 119; Erie 94; Hudson 119; Reading 134; Cleveland & Pittsburgh 102; Mercantile 12; Mich. Southern 84; Ill. Cen. 128; Rock Island 102; North Western 41; North Western (preferred) —; Fort Wayne 101; Ohio & Mississippi Certificates 35; Cumberland 44; Quicksilver 28; Marlboro 32.

Gold after cut 216. Market weak.

OUR FLEET TO BE INCREASED.

It is said that our blockading fleet on our Southern coast will soon be largely increased, and rendered so strong that it will be almost impossible for vessels to run through them.

FORGOTTEN CASE.

Developments in the forgery case, mentioned yesterday, show that the plans were very full and complete for defrauding banks throughout the whole country. It is supposed that large sums of money, not yet reported, have been obtained by these forgeries.

ESCAPED.

It is reported that Charles Winsor, the absconding teller of the Mercantile Bank, sailing on the Tontonia, October 28th, for Hamburg.

NO NEWS.

Telegram has given us no military intelligence of importance from any quarter to-day.

GRANT'S REPORT.

The Times' Washington special says General Grant has not yet written his official report of the campaign from the Rapidan to the James, and has determined not to do so until he captures Petersburg and Richmond.

GENERAL BANKS.

Major General Banks remains still in Washington. It may be considered certain that Mr. Fessenden will resign his Secretaryship to return to the Senate.

RUMOR.

The Tribune's Washington special says, Admiral Farragut is talked of as Secretary of the Navy.

GOING HOME.

General Egan, who was wounded a few days ago, while on picket duty in front of Petersburg, arrived to-day on his way home.

TRIAL OF A BLOCKADE TRADER.

The trial of Hamilton Ester, one of the Baltimore blockade trader was up-to-day. Two witnesses were examined and the case continued till to-morrow.

FROM WASHINGTON.

The Herald's Washington special says of the rumors in circulation in regard to the peace movement:

There is a determined effort about to be made by the Administration to bring about some sort of an understanding with the Confederates.

The speech of Judge Pierpont, at the Democratic War meeting at the Cooper Institute, fore-shadowed what the Administration will try to execute.

The speech of Gen. Butler, at the Fifth Avenue Hotel, and the outcries of the Administration since are all to some purpose.

The rumor which obtains the most currency is that commissioners will be appointed, partly of Republicans and partly of Democrats, to meet a similar convention appointed by Davis, in which such men as Alex. H. Stephens would be most prominent.

OFFICIAL RUMOR.

It is rumored in intelligent circles that Gen. Fremont's commission as Major General will be restored to him, and he will be ordered to the command of the Army of the James in place of General Butler, when the latter will be made Secretary of War.

It is possible that Gen. Fremont may be sent to Paris.

FROM SHERMAN.

The Herald's special correspondent with Sherman says:

The enemy are still in considerable force between Fisher's Hill and Strasburg. His cavalry is hovering along our front and rear.

Our new position has been greatly strengthened by the erection of earthworks and rifle pits. Should Early attempt offensive operations in force, he will find himself in a trap.

In the cavalry skirmish on Saturday, the rebel General lost several staff officers, killed and wounded.

The body of his Adjutant General, Lieutenant Colonel Harvey, fell into our hands.

Prisoners say General Wickham, commanding a brigade in Lomax's division, was severely wounded.

General Diven has issued an address to his brigade, in which he says:

"You have captured during this campaign 24 guns, nine battle flags and over 1000 prisoners.

ACTIVE OPERATIONS.

A Pensacola dispatch says that General Bailey is preparing for active operations. He designs making extended movements in reconnaissance, so as to feel and damage the enemy.

EVACUATED.

A New Orleans dispatch says that Col. Davis, in command of the forces on the Atchafalaya, has evacuated the position recently held there, there being no further need of its occupation, and the weather being uncomortable.

COTTON TRADE.

An extensive cotton trade is being carried on from ports on the Texas coast.

CABINET SPECULATIONS.

The Herald's Washington special says impending changes in the Cabinet are the principal topics of conversation among politicians. The chances of those likely to compose the new Cabinet are extensively discussed. General Butler is regarded as unquestionably in for the War Office, and Robert J. Walker for the Treasury. It is concluded that Mr. Bates is to retire from the Cabinet, but his successor is not yet designated, and other changes will undoubtedly take place soon after the meeting of Congress, if not before.

The Fort Royal *New South* says: Recently a flag of truce steamer proceeded up the Savannah river to a given point, and delivered to the rebels three hundred and fifty boxes for Union prisoners, sent by Adams' Express, in addition to which the Sanitary Commission sent clothing and blankets to the value of twenty-six hundred dollars, which will be safely delivered to our men and reported in detail, when receipts will be passed over to Lieutenant Burritt.

About 150 packages were transferred to our agent for rebel prisoners at Palaski. Two surgeons accompanied the flag and met the rebel surgeons, who assured them that no danger need be apprehended from either force.

The rebels in London recently asked the British Postmaster General to forward letters addressed to persons in Rebel States to Halifax and Nassau, and deliver them to rebel agents. The British official refused to do as requested.

REBEL NEWS.

The Richmond *Examiner*, of the 18th, contains the following dispatches:

Augusta, Ga., Nov. 14. A fight occurred last night between the State troops and Yankees, in which the latter were driven back. The latest news from Atlanta says the

city was evacuated on Saturday, the 12th inst.

MONTEGOMERY, Ala., Nov. 14.

The Mail has news to the 10th, which left Hood at Tusculuma with three divisions. Two of his divisions had crossed the Tennessee river, and the impression was that the rest would soon follow.

REBEL PAPERS OF THE CAPTURE OF THE FLORIDA.

The Richmond *Examiner* has an article on the capture of the Florida, which it calls a contemptible Yankee trick. It says Brazil will of course remonstrate, but unless she can interest the great maritime nations, her remonstrance will be wholly in vain. There has lately been a coolness between the Emperor and the English Government, and for that and other reasons diplomatic relations have been suspended between them. Protection from England, if any, will therefore probably be cold, and easily answered by Mr. Seward.

France and Brazil are on very friendly terms, yet there are considerations which may cause France also to be very cautious in stirring the matter too roughly. We need not expect any serious trouble to grow from it.

The good ship Florida is lost. Our Commissioners will have learned that they had better for the future avoid all ports, except those of England and France and their colonies.

SHERMAN.

The same paper has an article on Sherman's movements, and says that he will find trouble if he attempts a movement into Georgia, but that he is not going in that direction.

REBEL CONGRESS.

In the Rebel Senate, on Monday, Mr. Orr, of South Carolina, offered a resolution which was agreed to, that the President be requested to communicate to the Senate the official report of General Joseph E. Johnston, touching the operations at Dalton to the date of his removal from command.

Mr. Barnwell, of South Carolina, introduced a bill providing for the repeal of the act which authorizes the payment of debts due to alien enemies in bonds of the Confederate States.

Mr. Barnwell held that persons indebted to alien enemies, whose estates had been confiscated, took advantage of the act to pay the Confederate receiver in four per cent bonds.

He also introduced a bill to authorize the Secretary of the Treasury to purchase Confederate bonds for seven-thirty treasury notes.

In the House the Speaker made the following assignments to standing committees of the House: Mr. Kenner, of Louisiana, to Committee on Ways and Means; Mr. Clarke, of Missouri, to Committee on Military Affairs and Committee on Elections; Mr. Vest, of Missouri, to Committee on Judiciary; Mr. Sessad, of Missouri, to Committee on Foreign Affairs; Mr. Corcoran, of Missouri, to Committee on Quartermasters and Commissary; Mr. Quay, of Tennessee, to Committee on Naval Affairs; Mr. Hatcher, of Missouri, to Committee on Ordnance and Ordnance Stores; Mr. Wilcox, of Missouri, to Committee on Indian Affairs and to Committee on Postoffices and Postroads; Mr. Garland, of Arkansas, to Committee on Ways and Means.

Mr. Garland, of Arkansas, offered a bill providing for the payment of all property illegally impressed in the trans-Mississippi Department.

A resolution was offered to inquire into the expediency of raising the salaries of commissioned officers.

Another to inquire what relief should be given to bonded agriculturists now in the military service.

Another to inquire into the condition of the military prisons in Richmond.

Another, to recommend a more strict observance of the Sabbath in the army and navy.

Another, to ask that officers be furnished with army clothing, &c., at Government expense.

In connection with the last resolution, a letter was read, which concluded as follows:

According to the present rates, a Brigadier General's monthly pay will only carry him from Richmond to Augusta; a Colonel could not go further than Charlotte, a Lieutenant Colonel to Raleigh, a Major would not get further than Danville, and a Captain or Lieutenant, after paying for board in Richmond, would have about enough to buy a ticket to the first water station.

Thanks were given to General Forrest for recent victories in the West.

Mr. Foote, of Tennessee, offered a resolution that soldiers' families be supplied at the expense of the Government. He also offered a resolution that the Committee of Ways and Means report a financial bill as early as possible.

At one o'clock the House went into secret session on the bill to repeal the habeas corpus, and, after a long discussion, adjourned.

A VOTE.

NEW YORK, Nov. 18.

The Danville (Va.) Register says: An opportunity was offered to the Yankees in military prisons, in the South, on Tuesday, of expressing a preference between the Northern Candidates for President. The vote of the officers was, Lincoln 278, McClellan 91. Among non-commissioned officers and privates the majority for McClellan was 178.

FROM NEW ORLEANS.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 18.

The steamer Morning Star, from New Orleans on the 12th, arrived at this port to-night. She sailed in company with the steamer North America for New York.

The Morning Star passed on the Mississippi, the Susannah, bound up, also the gunboat Decatur.

Cotton dull at 121 for Liverpool middling.

There is no news except the confirmation of the statement that Gen. Canby will be subject to but a few weeks' confinement.

FROM GRANT'S ARMY.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 18.

A letter from the army of the Potomac says: Inactivity still prevails in this army, with the exception of the ordinary amount of exchange between the pickets and the batteries.

The enemy, a day or two ago, commenced erecting a new work a short distance south of Crater, but its progress is very slow owing to the accuracy which our gunners show in throwing mortar shells into their midst whenever they show themselves.

Usualities continue to occur daily along the picket lines, and stray shots frequently reach those in the rear of the breastworks, sometimes inflicting fatal wounds.

BURDESSA AT THE FRONT.

General Burdessa reached City Point on Wednesday, 2 p. m., on a visit to his old Corps. He called on General Grant, and afterwards proceeded to the front by special car.

All was reported quiet yesterday morning.

LEE'S ARMY.

The Tribune's Army of the James special says: Information from Richmond renders it pretty certain that Lee is detaching part of his army to the Shenandoah.

Rebel papers betray evident concern at the reported movement of Sherman's army, and express anxiety concerning Augusta and Macon, where, as well as at Columbia, they have their most extensive powder-mills, shops and arsenals, and the safety of which they evidently entertain the greatest apprehension.

REBEL MOVEMENT.